## HIGH-SPEED



## TRANSPORTATION

**Dallas-Fort Worth** 



July 11, 2024 – Regional Transportation Council Workshop

### Agenda

- 1. Introductions/Context
- 2. Response to City of Dallas Resolution and Presentation of Alternative High-Speed Rail Route Avoiding Downtown
- 3. Review of Public Engagement Throughout Study
- 4. Study Context and Review of Purpose and Need
- 5. Open Discussion and Lunch

## Dallas to Fort Worth High-Speed Rail Corridor Characteristics

"Top 10" High-Speed Rail Corridors in the World

Location	Line	Line Distance (mi.)	Average Line Speed (mph)
China	Beijing - Shanghai	819	143
<b>Texas</b>	Fort Worth - Houston	271	140
Japan	Tokaido Shinkansen - Nozomi	320	129
France	LGV Sud-Est	266	123
France	LGV Atlantique - Bordeaux	371	122
France	LGV Est (all stops)	273	122
Spain	Madrid - Barcelona	390	122
France	LGV Nord - Calais	209	112
Italy	Turin - Milan	92	97
Germany	Berlin - Hanover	160	93

### Effects of July Workshop



### Path to July Workshop

- 3/6/2024 City Council Briefing by NCTCOG and Amtrak
- 3/22/2024 Dallas City Manager's Meeting
- 5/15/2024 National High-Speed Rail Conference: Briefing by NCTCOG and Amtrak
- 6/12/2024 Dallas Resolution
- 6/13/2024 RTC Decision to Schedule July Workshop
- 7/11/2024 July Workshop/RTC Decision on How to Advance

### Dallas High-Speed Rail Station Planning Background

2016 RTC Resolution and Memorandum of Understanding between RTC and Texas Central

2016 City of Dallas and Texas Central Cooperation Agreement

2017 City of Dallas completed Station Area Zone Assessment (Perkins+Will); led by City of Dallas staff

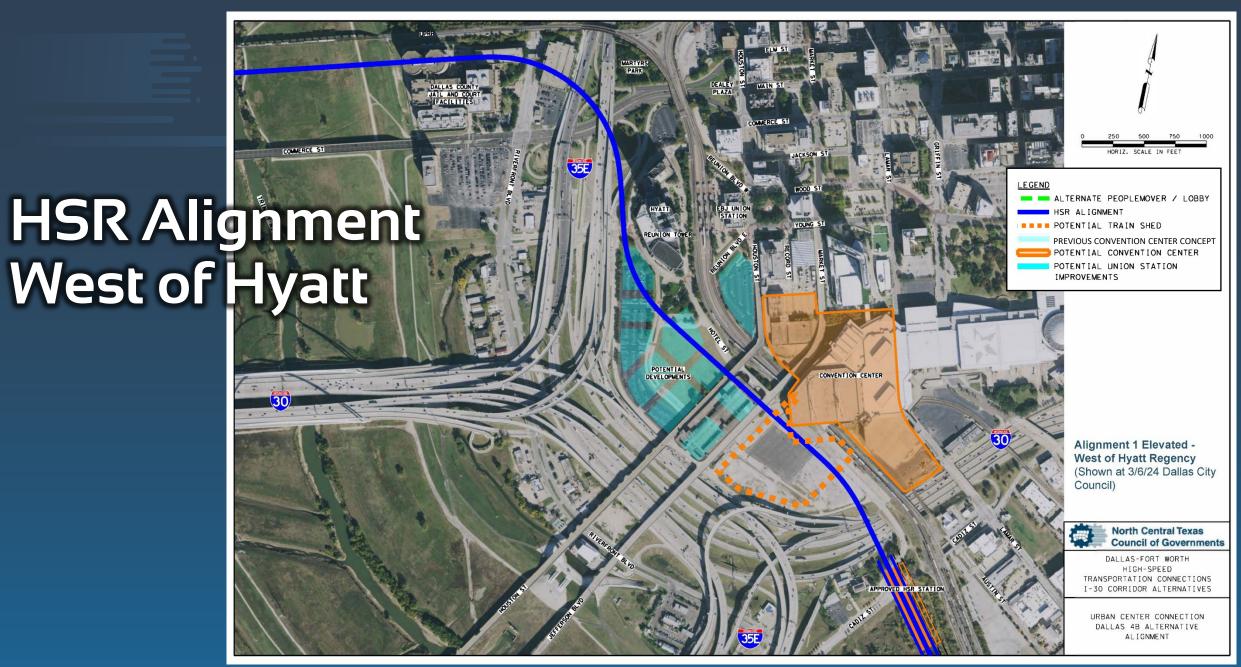
2019 NCTCOG funded Dallas Intermodal
Transportation Facility Fatal Flaw Analysis (Lot E
Study – LAN); led by City of Dallas staff

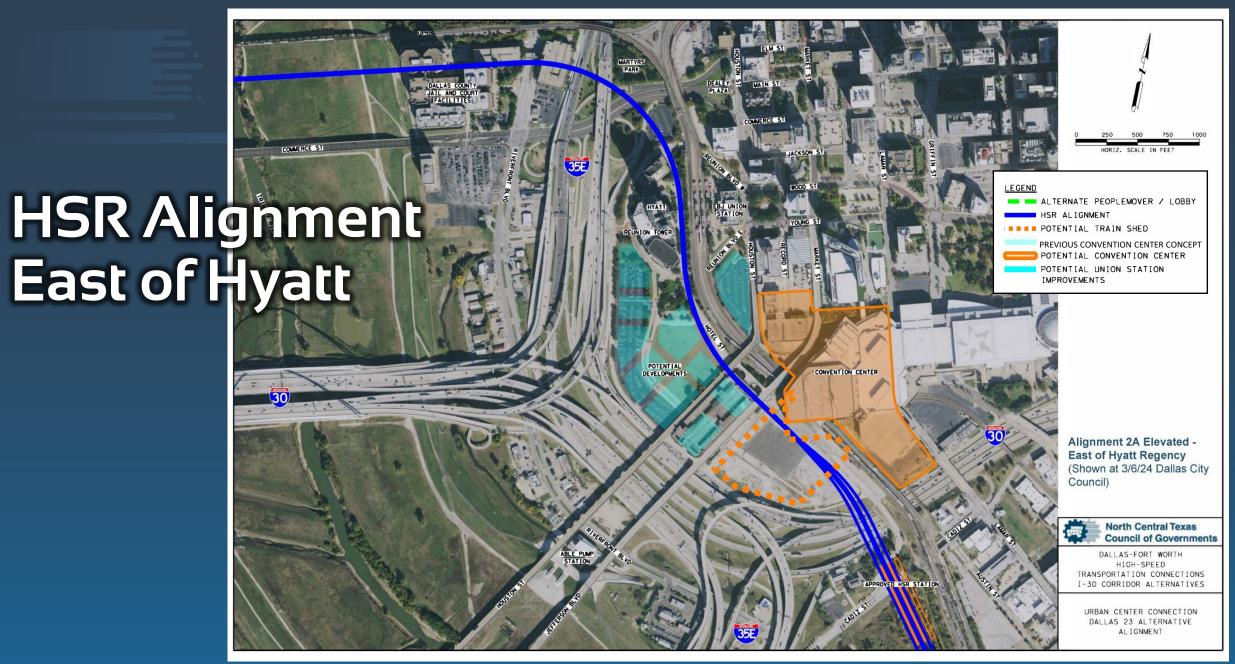
2020 Dallas staff provided comments on Draft
Environmental Impact Statement for Dallas to
Houston High-Speed Rail (including station location)



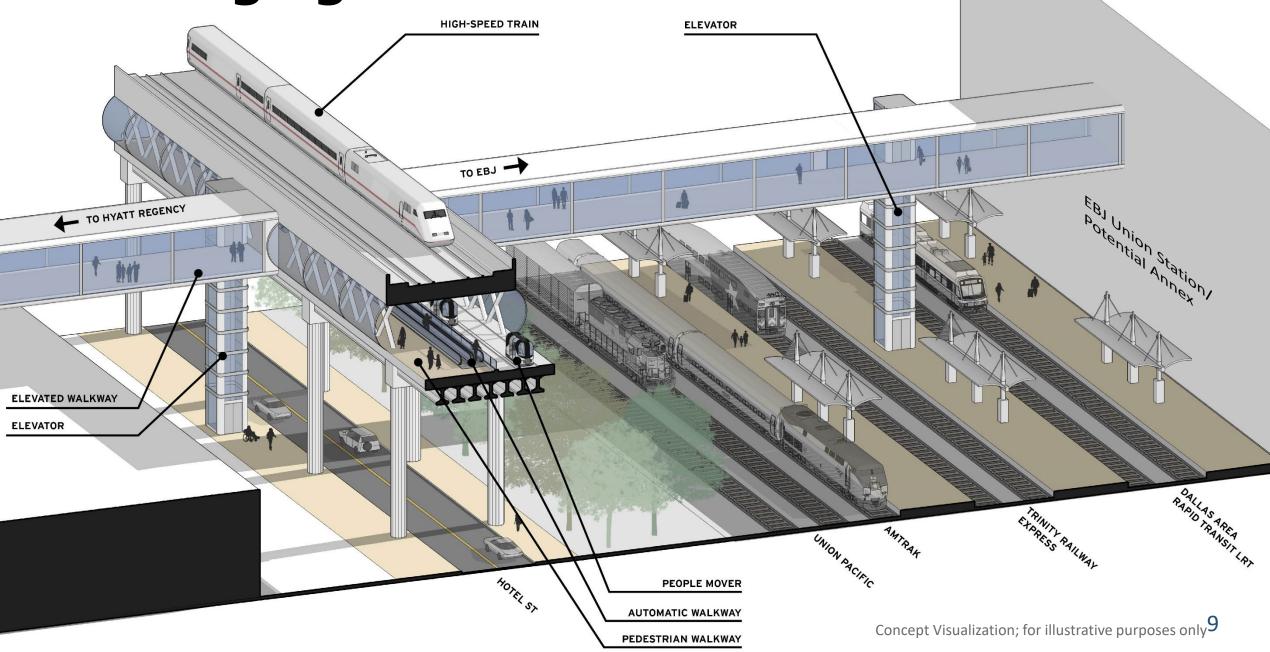
Approved Dallas High-Speed Rail Station with platform at 70'+ above existing ground

Image Credit: Texas Central

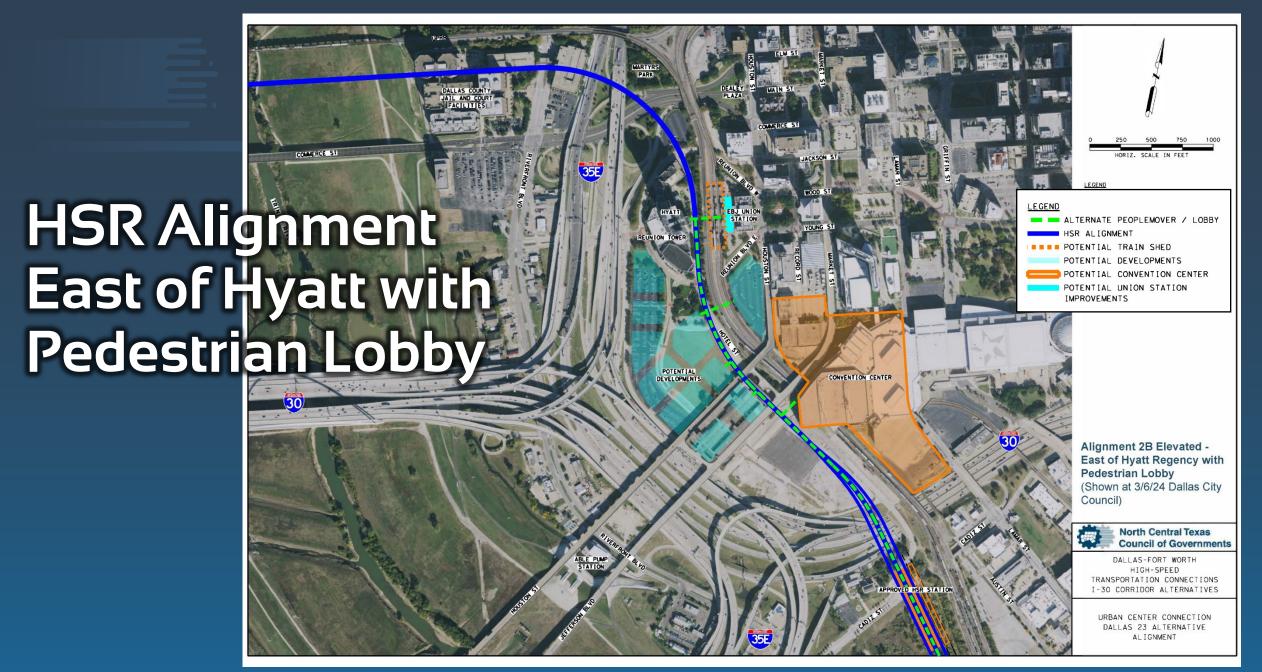




## Leveraging HSR to Create Connections

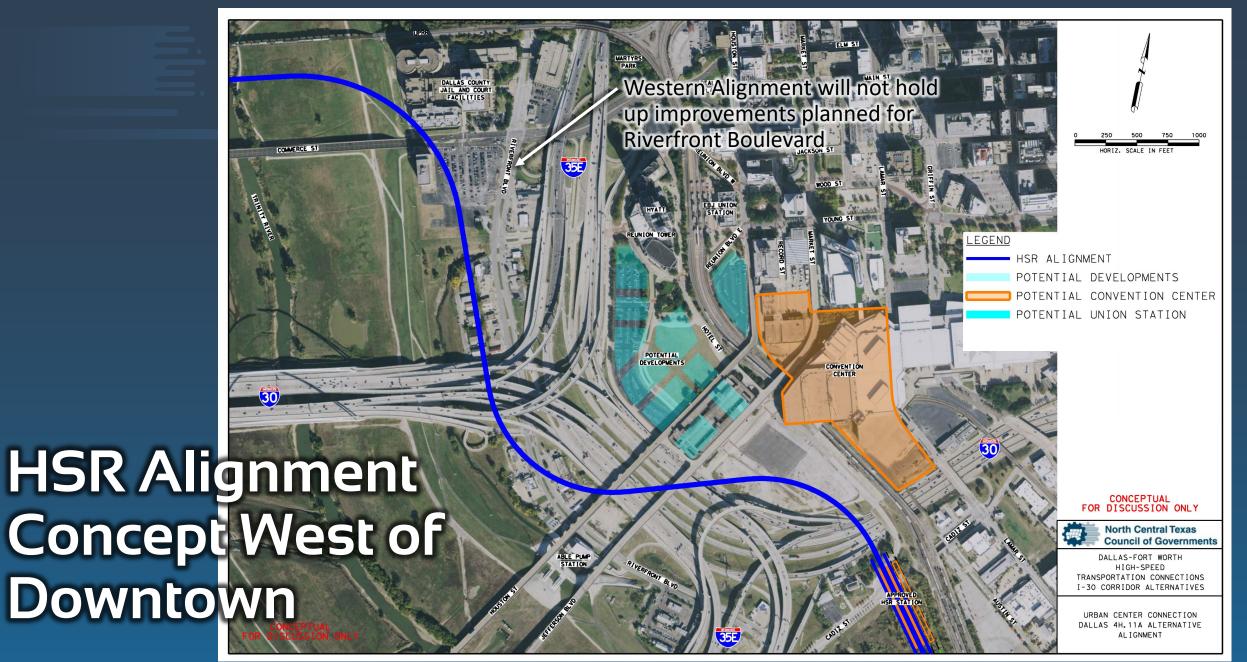


## Leveraging HSR to Create Connections EBJ Union Station / Potential Annex Reunion Tower / Hyatt Regency REUNION BLVD E **Potential Development Potential Development** Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only



## Potential Connections between Points of Interest in Downtown Dallas

	Con	nections between Points of Interest	<b>2B.</b> Elevated - East of Hyatt Regency Hotel with Pedestrian Lobby (Shown at 3/6/24 Dallas City Council)	Family of Elevated Alignments <u>West of Downtown</u> (7/11/24 RTC Workshop)
(	6 Hya	tt Regency Hotel to Union Station	<b>✓</b>	<b>⊗</b>
	5	Convention Center to Union Station	<b>✓</b>	<b>※</b>
4	4 c	Convention Center to onvention Center Hotels	<b>✓</b>	<b>⊗</b>
;	3	High Speed Rail to Union Station	<b>✓</b>	⊗
	2 High	n Speed Rail to Convention Center Hotels	✓	⊗
	1	High Speed Rail to Convention Center	<b>✓</b>	?





## Review of Public Engagement Throughout Study

### Public and Agency Engagement

### Over 300 meetings held since 2020

- Public meetings and open houses
- Technical Working Group meetings
- Federal and state coordination, monthly FTA/FRA meetings
- Technology Forum and one-on-ones with providers
- Transportation agencies and railroads
- Study area cities
- Elected officials
- Stakeholder interviews
- Community groups and organizations



### Public and Agency Engagement

### Official Project Public Meetings – 14

- Virtual meetings in September 2020 (2), January 2021 (2), May 2021 (2)
- In-person open houses in October 2021 (4), August/September 2023 (4):
   Dallas, Grand Prairie, Arlington, Fort Worth

NCTCOG Hybrid Public Meetings (5) in February 2021, December 2022, April 2023, October 2023, May 2024

Elected Official Briefings (2) – January 2021, May 2021

All public meeting documents are available online at www.nctcog.org/dfw-hstcs under Presentations and Public Outreach Efforts

### Additional Engagement

## DFW High-Speed Update Newsletter

- Latest updates on progress
- Includes upcoming events for the public to attend

### **Online Speaker Request Form**

Staff continue to present to community groups and organizations



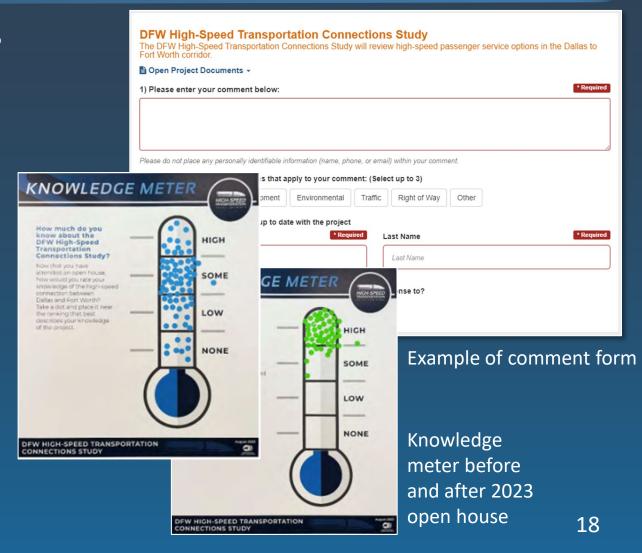
**DFW HIGH-SPEED UPDATE** 

### **Public Comments**

- General comment form online asks for zip code, topic
- Online mapping tool asked for feedback on areas of significance and concern
- 263 total comments to date

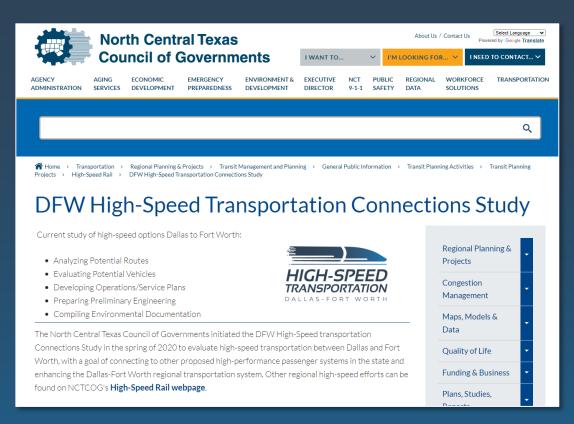
  Not in favor 2%
- FAQs and responses to questions from previous meetings available

www.nctcog.org/dfw-hstcs see under Project Information (FAQs); Presentations and Public Outreach Efforts (Open House Summary)



### **Project Information**

- Project information online in English and Spanish
- Sign up for project notices
- View future public meeting dates
- Request a speaker
- Provide comments or questions:
  - Electronic comment form online
  - In writing to DFW-HSTC Study, P.O. Box 5888, Arlington, Texas 76005
  - Email: HST\_DFW@nctcog.org



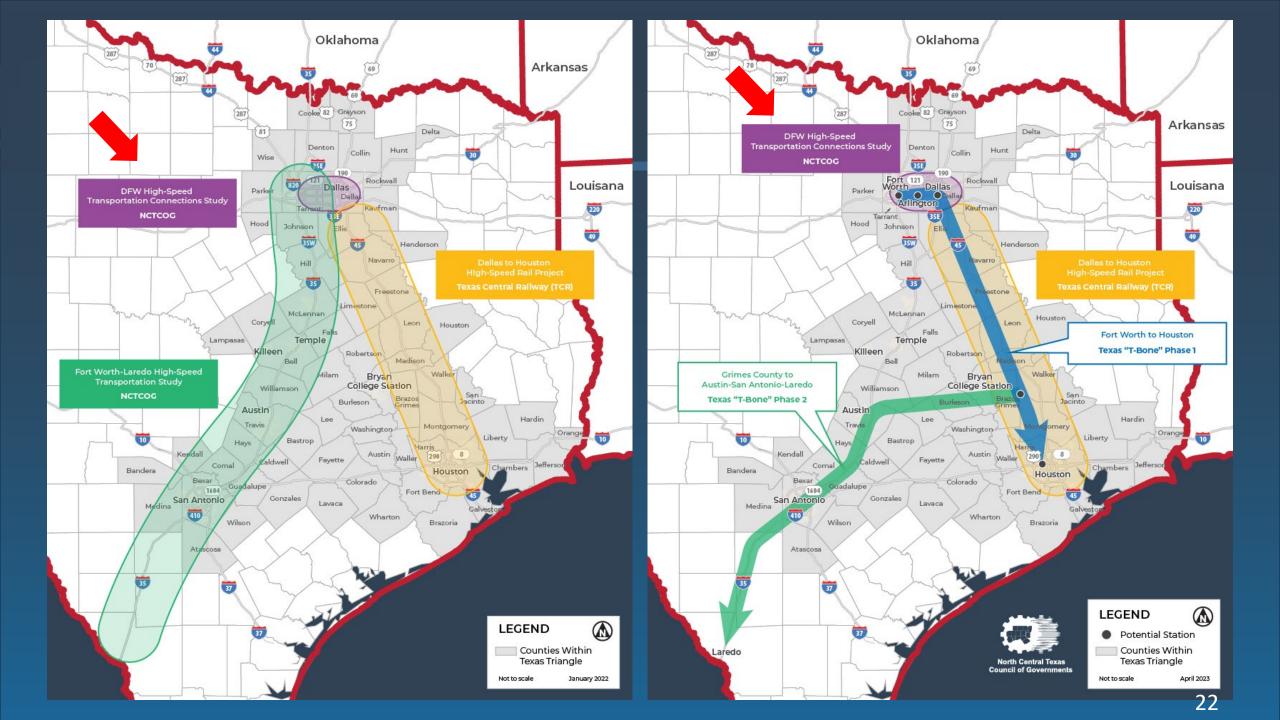
**Project Website: www.nctcog.org/dfw-hstcs** 



# Study Context and Review of Purpose and Need

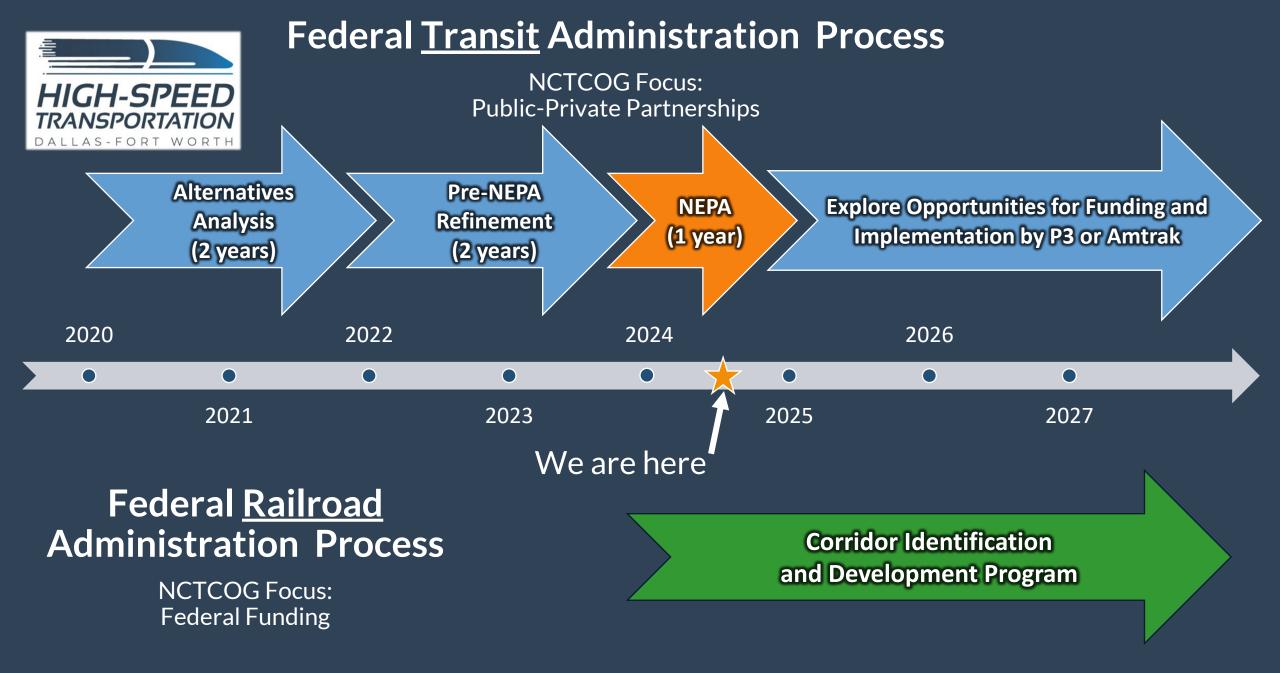
## Milestones Leading to NCTCOG HSR Study

- Texas Central advanced Dallas to Houston (c. 2014)
- RTC passed resolution supporting "one-seat" ride and three station concept; included in Mobility 2040 (2016)
- TxDOT/FRA completed Texas-Oklahoma Passenger Rail Study and Alternatives Analysis for DFW Core Express Service (2017)
- Station Area Studies for Dallas, Arlington, Fort Worth (2017)
- NCTCOG initiated Dallas-Fort Worth High-Speed Transportation Connections Study (2020)



### **Proposed Network of Preferred Routes** Dallas-Fort Worth Future Central Hub for National Rail Network Hampshire Massachusetts Boston Rhode Island Casper Wyoming -New Haven Sioux Falls Milwaukee Cleveland Pennsylvania -New York City lowa Chicago, Pittsburgh Sacramento Nebraska Salt Lake City Des Moines Omaha a New Jersey Cheyenne Delaware San Francisco Nevada Indianapolis -Washington DC Columbus Merced Kansas Illinois Cincinnati City **Grand Junction** St Louis California Kansas Lynchburg Petersburg Colorado Roanoke Newton Bakersfield Las Vegas Trinidad Flagstaff Charlotte Nashville Carolina Tulsa Oklahoma Albuquerque Tennesse Los Angeles Chattanooga Oklahoma ... Memphis City Little Rock Legend Phoenix Yuma **Baseline Network** South Arizona Birmingham Arkansas New Mexico Carolina Long-Distance, Northeast Corridor, State-Supported, Tucson Dallas/ Savannah **Baseline Projects** Fort Worth-Marshall Jackson Montgomery El Paso Presented at Regional **Preferred Routes** Chicago – Miami **Working Group Meetings** Jacksonville Dallas/Fort Worth – Miam Texas February 2024 Los Angeles – Denver **Baton Rouge** Phoenix - Minneapolis/St. Paul Further analysis and identification New Orleans Dallas/Fort Worth - New York Orlando of funding after completion of this Houston Houston - New York San Antonio Tampa • Seattle – Denver study would be necessary to San Antonio – Minneapolis/St. Paul advance the preferred routes San Francisco – Dallas/Fort Worth Detroit – New Orleans through project planning and Denver – Minneapolis/St. Paul project development activities Seattle - Chicago Dallas/Fort Worth – Atlanta prior to implementation. El Paso – Billings





# Dallas-Fort Worth High-Speed Transportation Connections Study

### **Study Purpose**

- **CONNECT** Dallas-Fort Worth to other proposed high-performance passenger systems in the state (Texas Triangle)
- Obtain federal ENVIRONMENTAL
   APPROVAL of the viable alternative

RTC P21-01 Policy (2021) reaffirmed support for:

We are here

- One-Seat Ride
- Three Station Concept

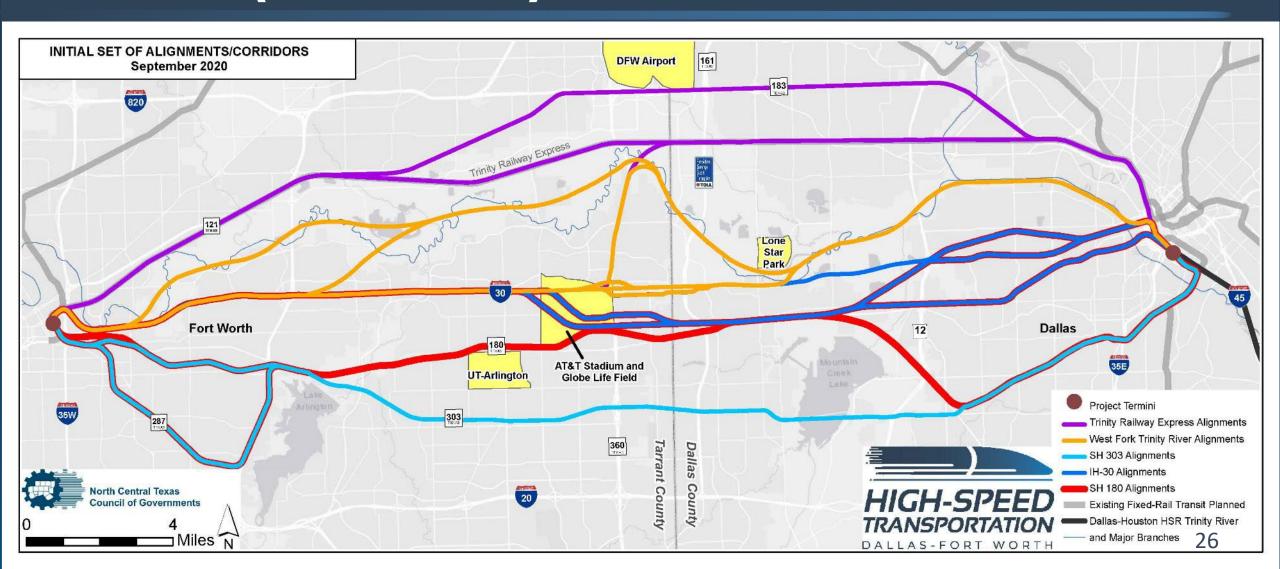
### **Study Phases**



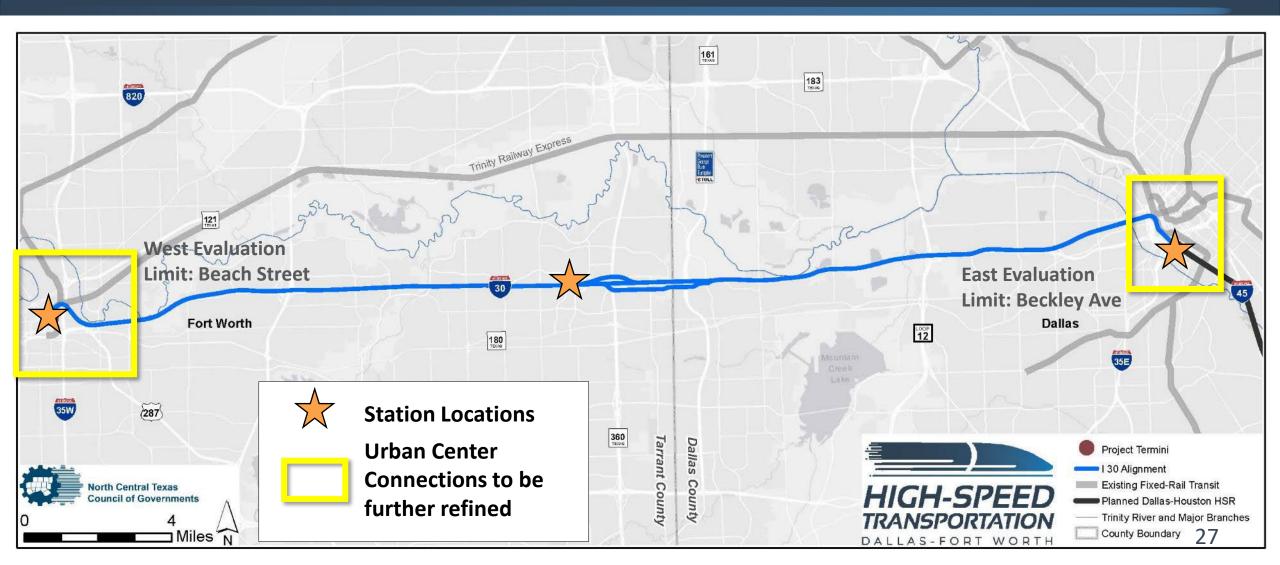
- Alignments and Modes
- RTC advances IH 30 Corridor through Policy P21-01
- **✓** *Phase 2*: <u>Pre-NEPA Refinement</u>
  - Alignment Refinement
  - Urban Connections Screening
  - Phase 2: NEPA
    - Preliminary Engineering
    - Environmental Documentation



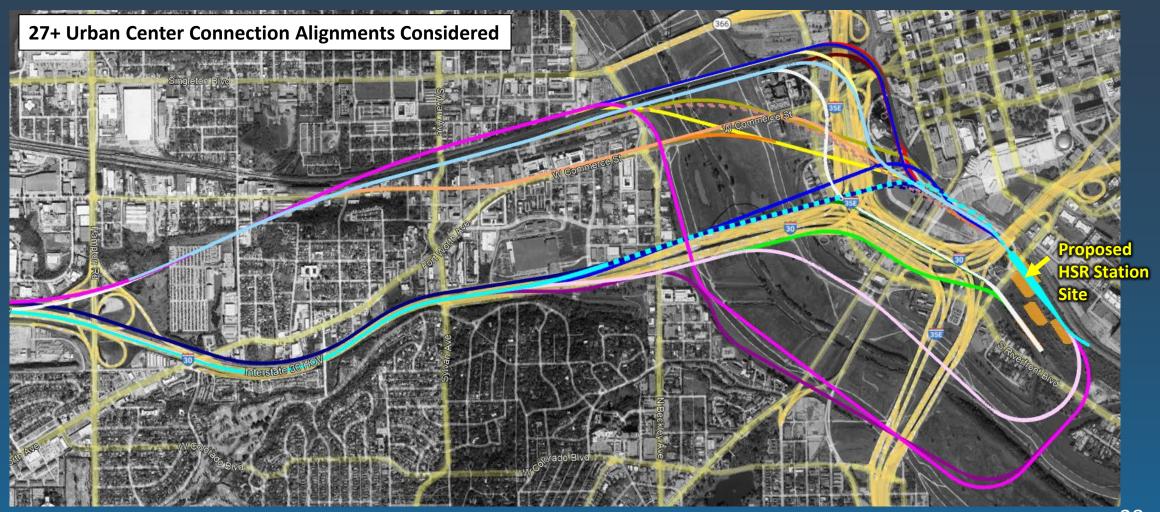
# Initial Set of Alignments/Corridors (Fall 2020)



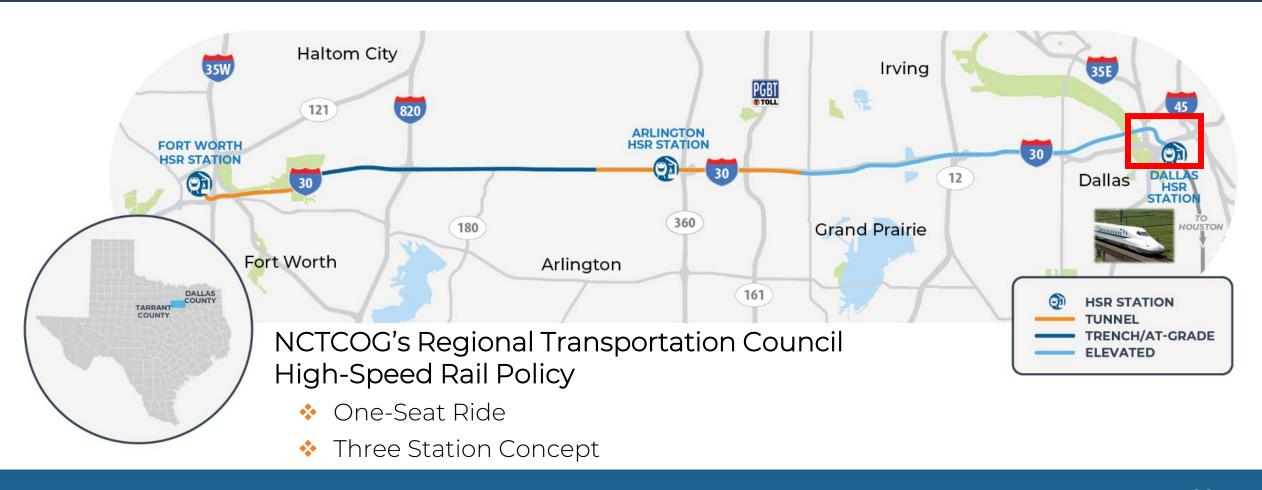
# Phase 1 Results – Alignments (Summer 2021)



# Example Urban Center Connections (September 2021 - Dallas)



# Alignment for NEPA Review (Early 2024)



### Supplemental Materials

Under newly added "RTC Workshop July 2024" banner on www.nctcog.org/dfw-hstcs:

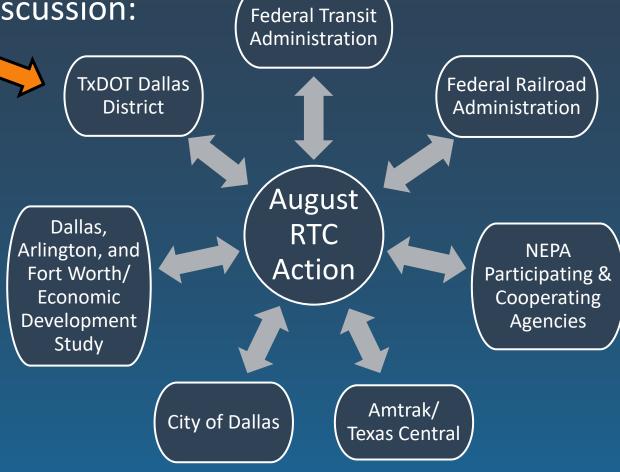
- Today's Agenda and Presentation Slides
- Information on Elected Official Briefings
- 3/6/2024 Presentation to Dallas City Council
- Dallas Alignment Whitepapers
- Past Resolutions and Policies
- Responsive Information to Public Comments and City of Dallas Questions



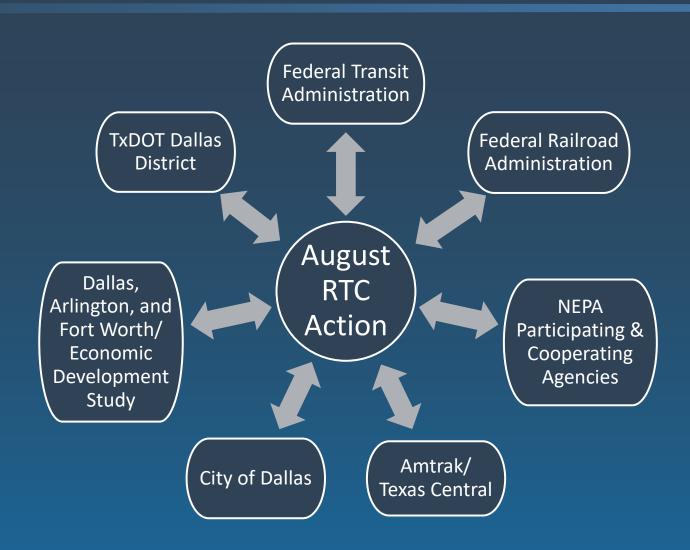
### Path Forward

Following result of today's discussion:
 Project team meetings TXDOT Dallas

- Public Meeting (hybrid)
- August RTC Action on Next Steps



### Effects of July Workshop





## Supporting Information

## Dallas to Fort Worth High-Speed Rail Corridor Characteristics

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Italy	Turin - Milan	92	97
Germany	Berlin - Hanover	160	93

## Dallas to Fort Worth High-Speed Rail Corridor Characteristics

What are expected travel times along corridor? Can it really get to "high" speed?

**Yes** – "high" speed is defined as over 125 mph

### Fort Worth to Dallas

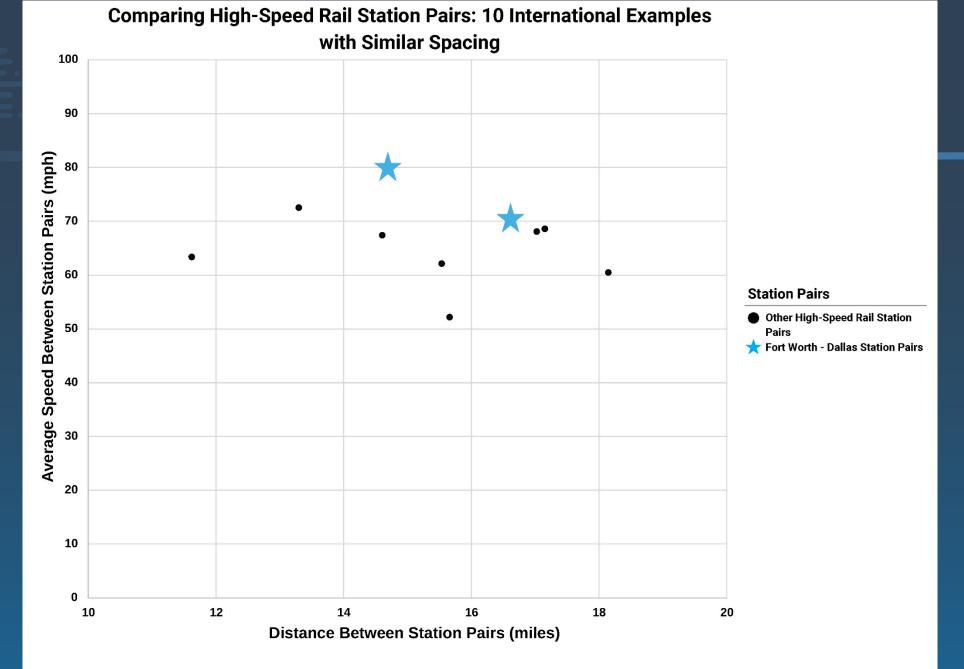
Express Run: Max Speed = 160 mph, 21-minute travel time Arlington Stop: Max Speed = 160 mph, 25-minute travel time

Dallas to Houston

Max Speed = 200+ mph, 90-minute travel time

Fort Worth to Houston\*

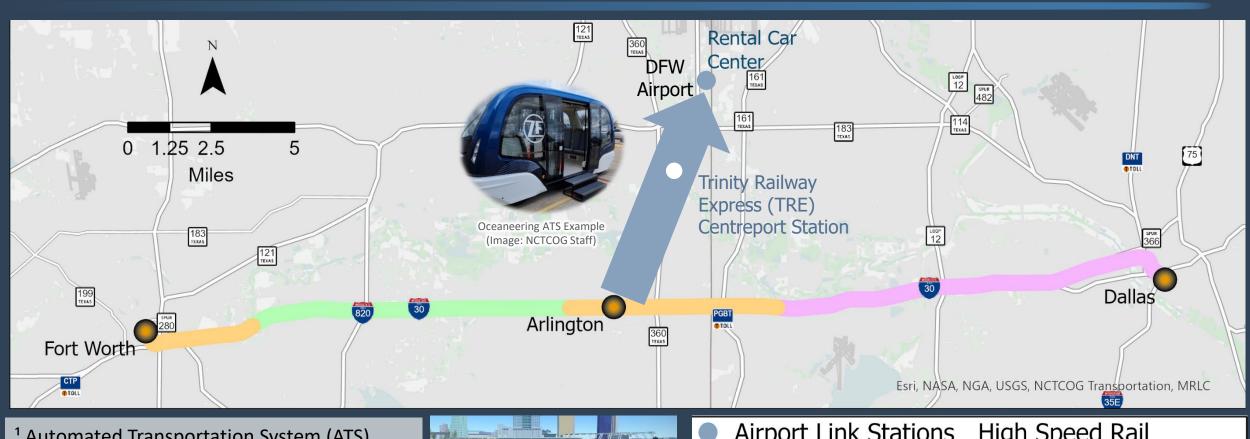
Max Speed = 200+ mph, approximately 2-hour travel time



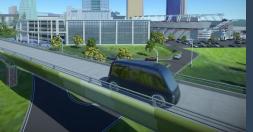
#### Notes.

<sup>•</sup> The station pairs shown are located in Japan, Germany, and Italy.

### Arlington HSR-Airport ATS<sup>1</sup> Link



<sup>1</sup> Automated Transportation System (ATS) recommendation provides dedicated connectivity between proposed HSR Station, TRE Centreport Station, and DFW Airport



- Airport Link Stations
- Airport Link
- High Speed Rail Stations

High Speed Rail

- Elevated
- Trench/At-Grade
- Tunnel

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# Explanation of DFW Growth Visualization Focused on TRE and HSR

**Model and Data Development** 

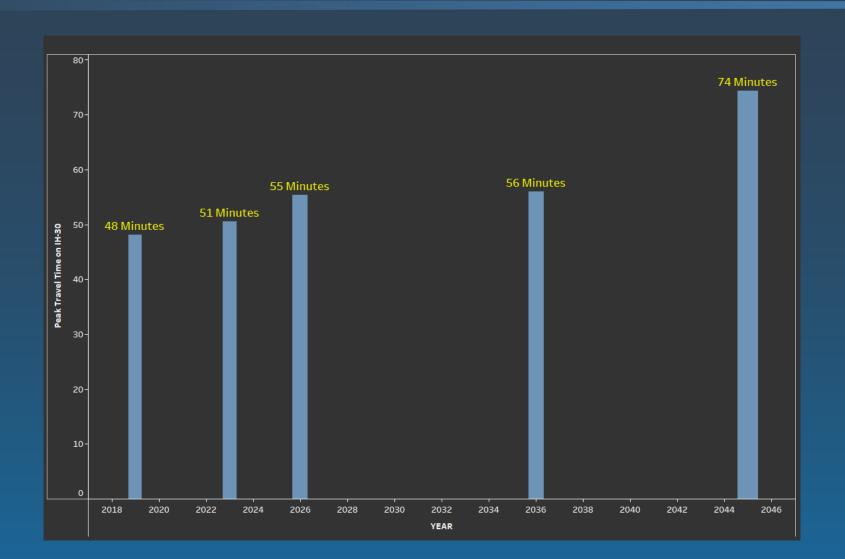


#### DFW Regional Growth - 2019 to 2045

- Rush hour travel times on IH 30 between two CBDs are significantly longer
- DFW's demographics increase dramatically for both Population and Employment
- Roadway congestion gets worse
- TRE ridership increases continuously
- Introduction of HSR in 2045 will not impact TRE's service since they serve different markets

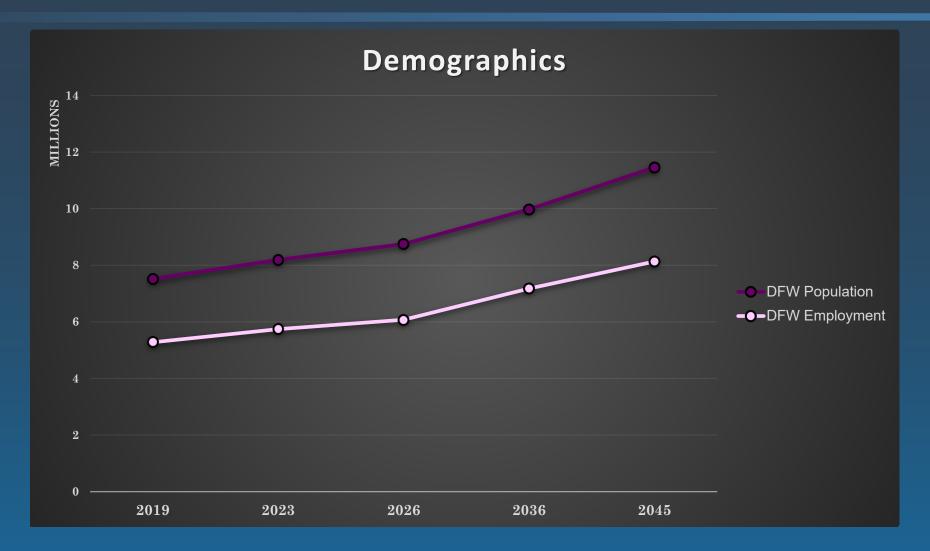


## Rush Hour Travel Times on IH 30 between two CBDs are Significantly Longer



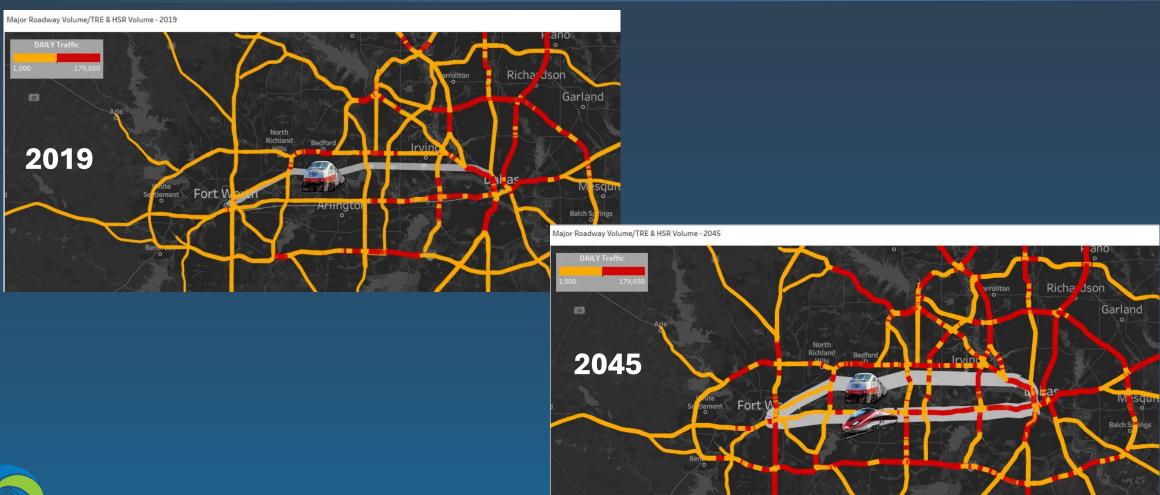


## DFW's Demographics Increase Dramatically for both Population and Employment





### Roadway Congestion Gets Worse





## TRE Ridership Increases Continuously and HSR Will Not Impact TRE's Ridership





#### Why Not Upgrade the TRE?



#### **Upgraded TRE**

Max Speed: Less than 125 mph (at-grade service limited by FRA regulation)

End-to-End Travel Time: Slightly longer than High-Speed Rail

Competes for capacity in busy corridor with varying speeds; dedicated track requires significant additional right-of-way

At-grade crossings introduce safety and reliability risk

Violates "one-seat" ride purpose; significant transfer delay (see Dallas Alignment Whitepapers)

#### High-Speed Rail in IH 30 Corridor

Max Speed: 160± mph (based on corridor geometry)

End-to-End Travel Time: 21 minutes express and 25 minutes with Arlington stop

Leverages existing IH 30 highway corridor to minimize impacts and additional right-of-way needs

Grade-separated and fully dedicated corridor prioritizes safety and reliability

Best serves intercity market with continuous service from Dallas-Fort Worth region to Houston and beyond with "one-seat" ride

## TxDOT/FRA: DFW Core Express Alternatives Analysis Study

#### Link to Study

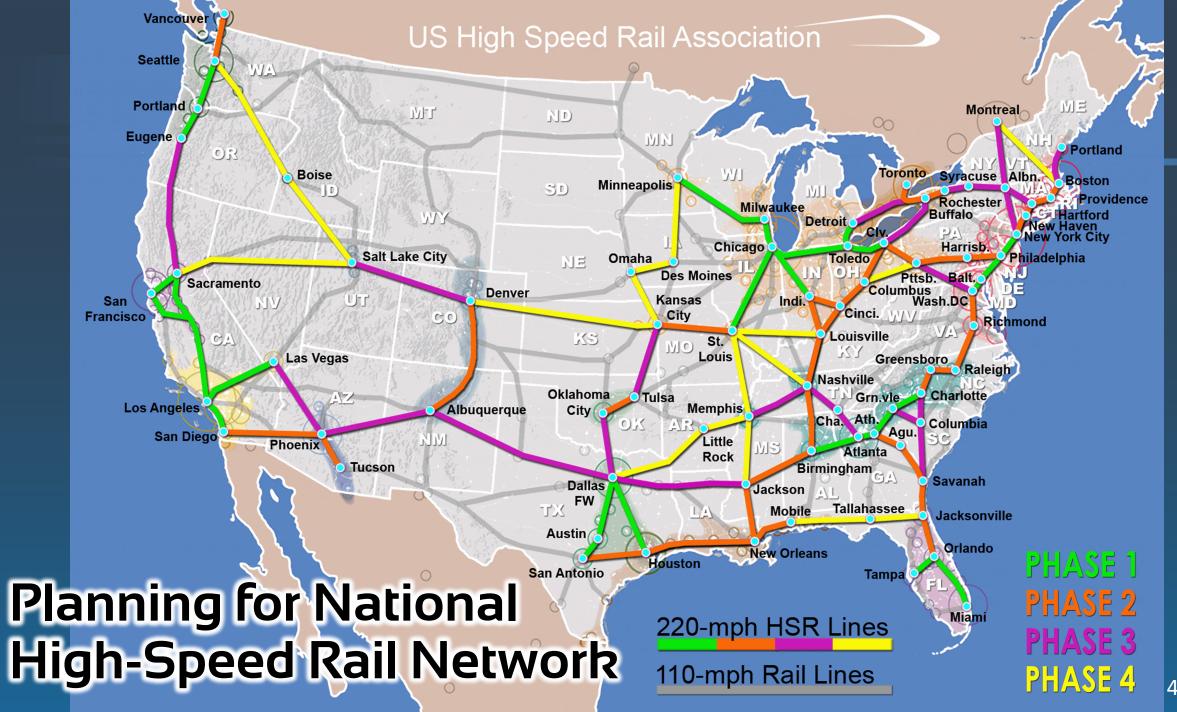
- Alternatives Analysis completed in 2017
- Study unable to advance beyond Alternatives Analysis due to federal funding lapse
- NCTCOG commented (4/20/2017) on final results, expressing concerns/disappointment in:
  - Lack of cooperation and partnership with local governments
  - Limited alignment evaluation (majority of alternatives focused on differing speeds, not differing corridors)
  - Regional one-seat ride policy not honored
  - Unproven ridership forecasting methodology

## Value of Time in Transit: In-Vehicle vs. Out-of-Vehicle

Related to Option 4 – Subway Alignment Coterminus with Approved Dallas High-Speed Rail Station – in Dallas Alignment Whitepapers

- Estimated time for passengers to transfer between train at elevated platform (approximately 75 feet above grade) and subway train at tunnel platform (100+ feet below grade) is 20 minutes (measured between arrival and departure of trains)
- 20-minute transfer time translates to 40-minute penalty for passengers "Transit riders are very sensitive to out-of-vehicle time. Among various types of out-of-vehicle time, waiting time is the most onerous factor for transit users (Cervero 1990). In practice, the rule of thumb is that walking and waiting time are valued twice as much as in-vehicle time..."

Iseki, H.; Taylor, B.; and Miller, M. (2006). <u>The Effects of Out-of-Vehicle Time on Travel Behavior:</u> <u>Implications for Transit Transfers</u>. Submitted to CALTRANS.

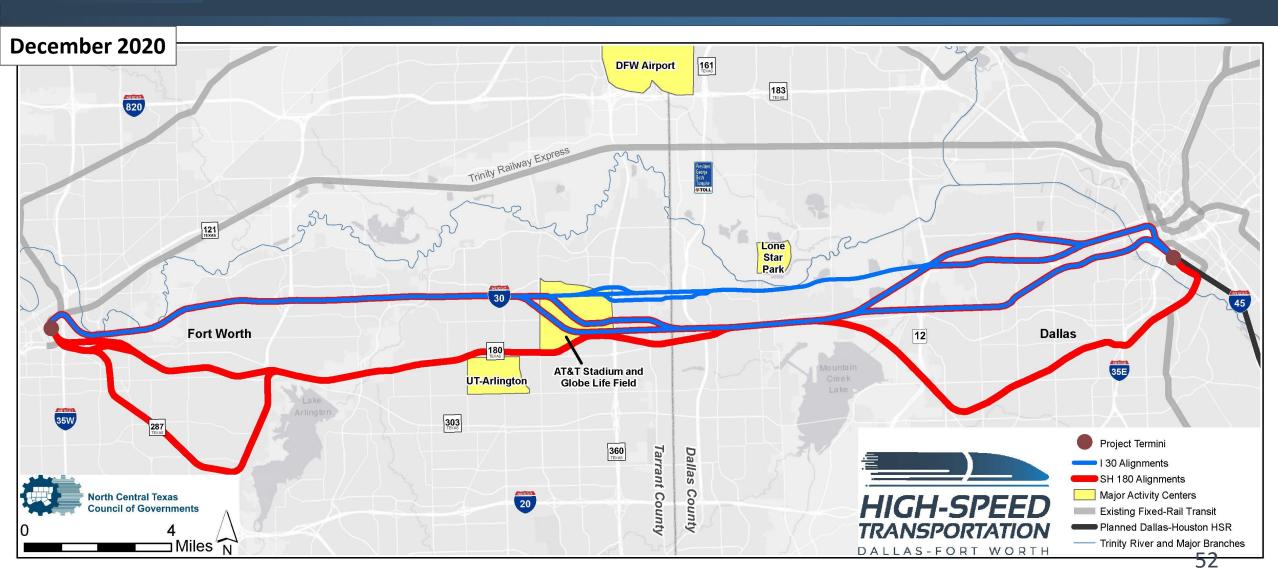


## Alignment Screening

### Initial Set of Alignments/Corridors



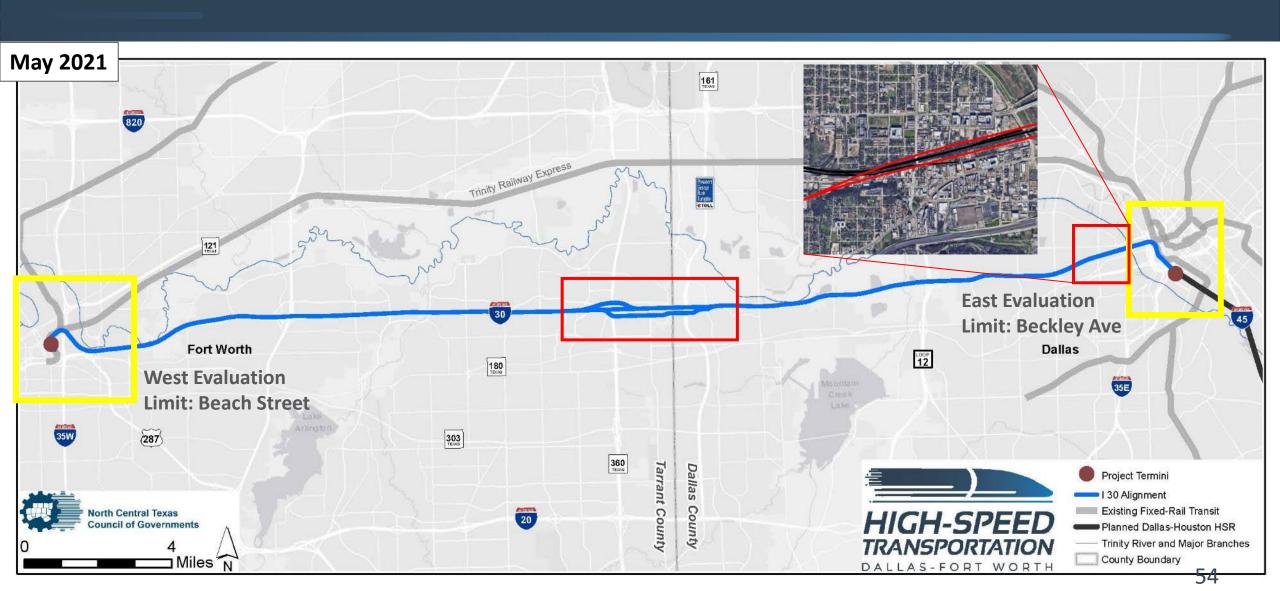
## Alignment/Corridor Recommendations Based on Level 1 Screening



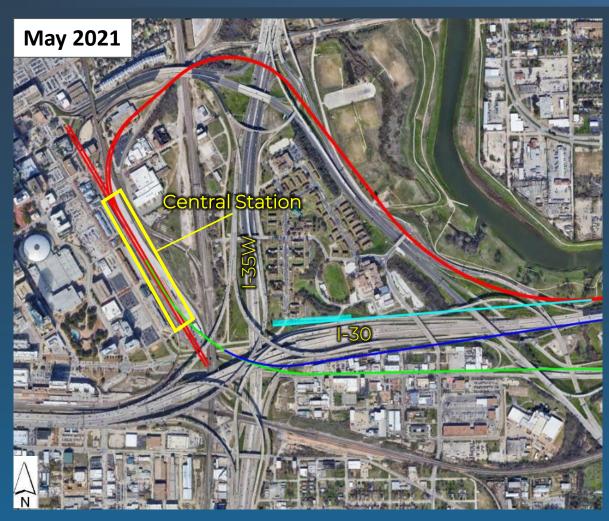
## Alignment/Corridor Recommendations Based on Level 2 Screening

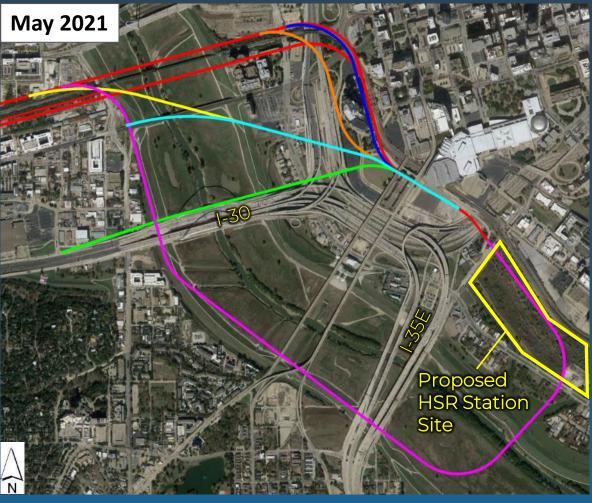


### Recommended Phase 1 Alignments

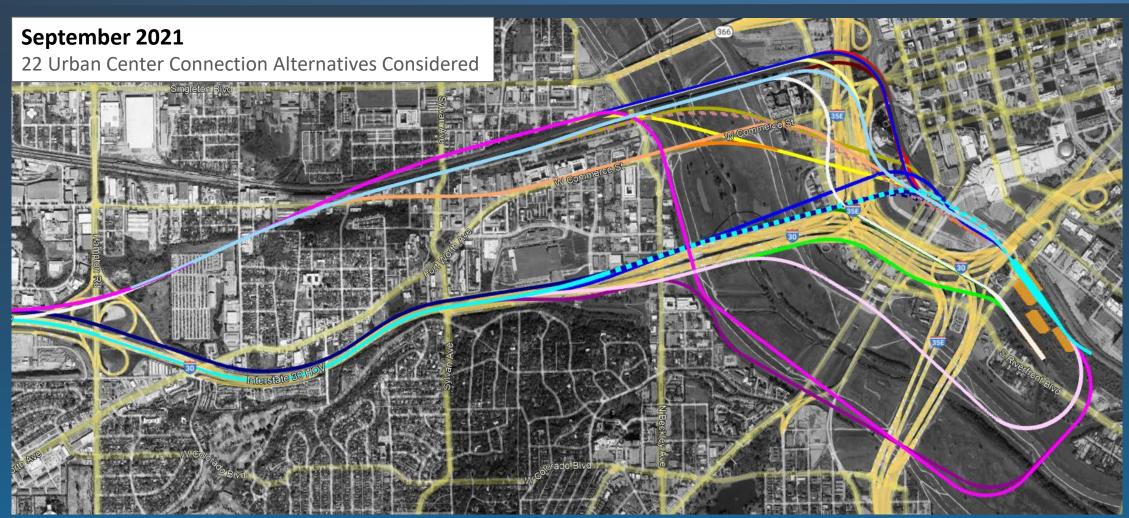


## Preliminary Urban Connection Concepts

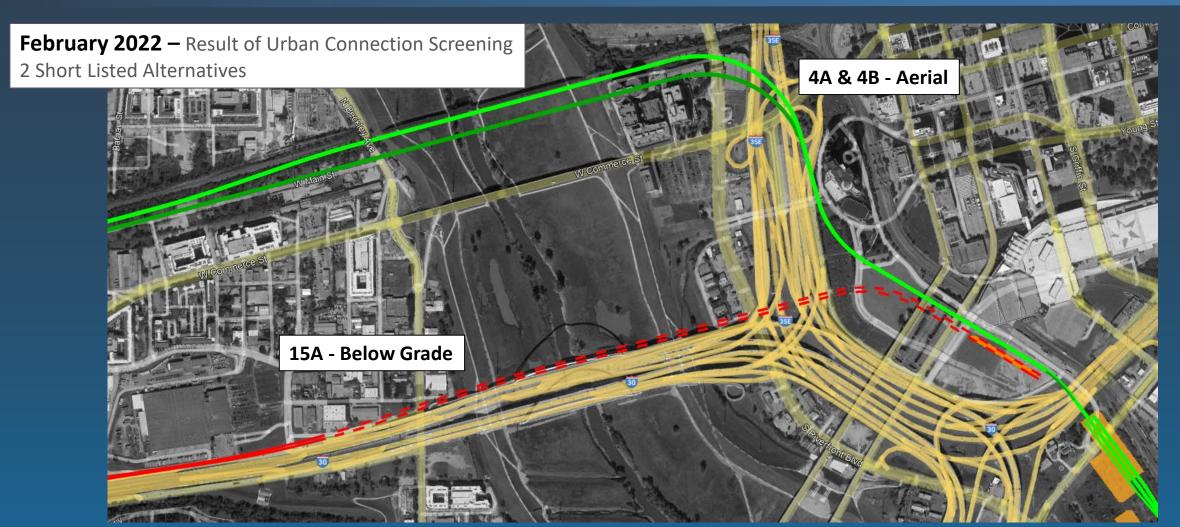




#### Dallas Urban Center Connections



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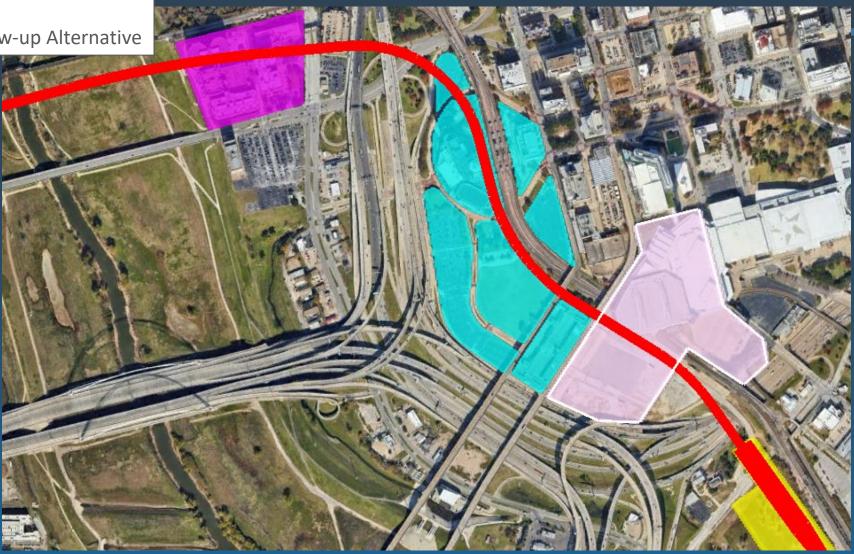


### Pedestrian Opportunity

June 2023

Dallas Workshop Follow-up Alternative

Pedestrian Opportunity



# City of Dallas Council Meeting 3/4/24

## Dallas High-Speed Rail (HSR) Questions (Alternative Alignments)

Were the Following Alignments Reviewed?



Alignments Previously Rejected; Requested to Review

**3.** *Elevated* – Use of Existing Rail Corridor East of Hotel Street

**4.** Subway – Coterminous with Approved Dallas HSR Station

**5A.** *Elevated*/**5B.** *Subway* – Different Station Location

**6.** At-Grade – Upgraded Trinity Railway Express (TRE)

**7.** Elevated – Trinity Railway Express (TRE) Corridor

Alignments Previously Recommended for NEPA

**1.** Elevated – West of Hyatt Regency Hotel

**2A.** *Elevated* – East of Hyatt Regency Hotel

New Alignments
Recommended to Review

**2B.** *Elevated* – East of Hyatt Regency Hotel with Pedestrian Lobby

**2C.** Elevated – East of Hyatt Regency Hotel with Pedestrian Lobby <u>and</u> <u>Pedestrian Cap</u>

\* Alignments recommended for advancement into NEPA



2B. Elevated – East of Hyatt Regency with Pedestrian Lobby

Alignment recommended for advancement into NEPA

**NO FATAL FLAW; FAVORED OPTION** 



Aligns along Hotel Street and adjacent to existing rail corridor

Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only

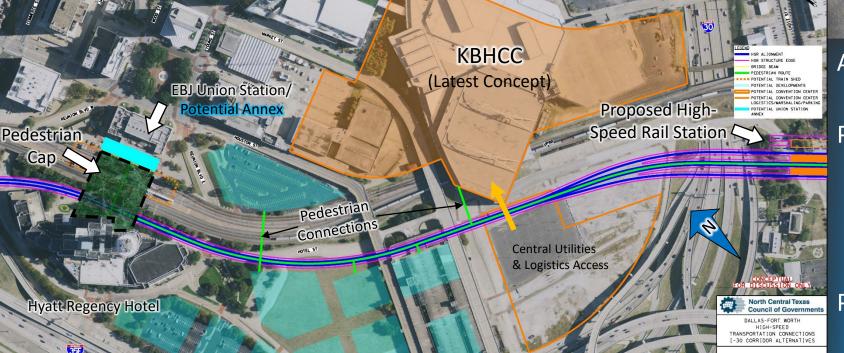
Provides direct pedestrian connectivity opportunity between approved HSR station, EBJ Union Station, KBHCC, and other developments

### Favored Option 2B for NEPA Advancement Proposed High-Speed Rail Station Margaret McDermott Bridge **Potential Development** Proposed Kay Bailey Hutchison Convention Center Dallas **Reunion Tower** Omni Dallas **Hyatt Regency** Martyrs Park **Dealy Plaza** Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only 63



2C. Elevated – East of Hyatt Regency with Pedestrian Lobby and Pedestrian Cap Alignment recommended for advancement into NEPA

**NO FATAL FLAW; FAVORED OPTION** 



Aligns along Hotel Street and adjacent to existing rail corridor

Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only

Provides direct pedestrian connectivity opportunity between approved HSR station, EBJ Union Station, KBHCC, and other developments

Provides Pedestrian Cap/Deck Plaza over HSR to improve viewshed

### Favored Option 2C for NEPA Advancement Proposed High-Speed Rail Station Margaret McDermott Bridge **Potential Development Proposed Kay Bailey Hutchison Convention Center Dallas** Reunion Tower / **Hyatt Regency** Omni Dallas Martyrs Park **Dealy Plaza** Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only 65

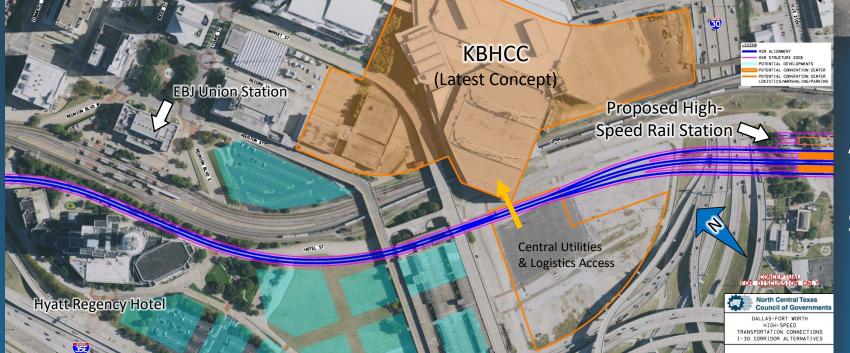
Alignments Previously Recommended for NEPA

2A. Elevated – East of Hyatt Regency

**NO FATAL FLAW** 

Alignment recommended for advancement into NEPA

Potential Developmen



Requires no changes to approved
Dallas HSR station location
Aligns along Hotel Street and
adjacent to existing rail corridor

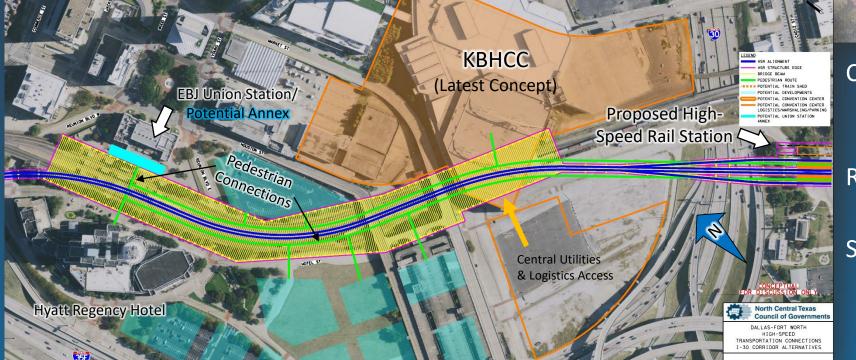
Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only

Similar alignment to 2B and 2C alternatives

#### Alignments Previously Rejected; Requested to Review

3. Elevated – Use of Existing Railroad Corridor East of Hotel Street

**FATAL FLAW** 



Corridor actively used for passenger and freight rail service

Requires massive pergola structure overshadowing streetscape

Concept Visualization; for illustrative purposes only

Significant engineering challenges; loses seamless lobby extension

#### Alignments Previously Rejected; Requested to Review

### 4. Subway – Coterminous with Approved Dallas High-Speed Rail Station

#### **FATAL FLAW**

Approx. 185' (17 stories) vertical transfer adds 20+ minute delay

Delay equivalent to 40-minute travel time penalty (waiting time vs. time-in-transit perceived differently)

Violates Regional Transportation Council Policy – <u>not</u> a "one-seat" ride\*

\* "One-seat" ride references a direct trip provided by a single transit service that requires no transfers for passengers to reach their final destination; potential ridership drops precipitously with service requiring



### 5A. Elevated/5B. Subway – Different Station Location

#### **FATAL FLAW**

Amtrak proceeding with environmentally cleared station location for Dallas to Houston HSR

Transfer penalty worse than Alternative 4

Violates Regional Transportation Council Policy – <u>not</u> a "one-seat" ride\*

## Alignments Previously Rejected; Requested to Review

#### 6. At-Grade – Upgraded TRE

#### FATAL FLAW

Competes for capacity in active corridor and likely fatal flaw in sharing infrastructure

"At-grade" service sets highest speed of corridor at 125 mph and cannot meet HSR standards of safety and reliability

Cannot meet travel time goal of approximately 20 minutes due to geometry of corridor

Violates Regional Transportation Council Policy – <u>not</u> a "one-seat" ride\*

#### 7. Elevated – TRE Corridor

#### **FATAL FLAW**

Grade-separated tracks would require new rightof-way next to existing tracks/right-of-way

Significant number of displacements expected

Creates similar issue in downtown Dallas as Alternative 3 (use of existing rail corridor)

Significant public opposition

Violates Regional Transportation Council Policy – not a "one-seat" ride\*

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;One-seat" ride references a direct trip provided by a single transit service that requires no transfers for passengers to reach their final destination; potential ridership drops precipitously with service requiring a transfer(s)



#### Density Increase Near High-Speed Rail

**Greater Density** 

Higher Towers

More Buildings

Integrated Mixed Use

Skywalks (e.g., Dubai, Toronto, Chicago)

Higher Employment Growth

**Faster Population Growth** 

GDP 1-3% Nationwide in China





Source: Transbay Program media gallery, 2023

San Francisco Salesforce
Transit Center



### Property Value Increase in High-Speed Rail Markets

Greatest Value Near Station (50%-100%)

Citywide Property Value Increase (6%-14%)

**Extent of Value Capture** 

20-minute walking distance plus regional rail plus light rail plus bike commuters (up to 18 miles)

Dallas HUB/Convention Center adds to Market Segmentation





### High "Speed" Rail by Country

HSR Systems Commonly Studied by Literature and their Top Speeds

Country	Train Name	Top Speed (mph)
China	Shanghai Maglev	286
China	CR Harmony and CR Fuxing	217
Germany	DB ICE	217
France	SCNCF TGV	199
Japan	JR Shinkansen	199
Spain	Renfe AVE 103	193
South Korea	Korail KTX-Sancheon	190
Italy	Trenitalia Frecciarossa 1000	190
Taiwan	Taiwan HSR	185

Source: The 10 fastest high-speed trains in the world - Railway Technology (railway-technology.com)



# Travel Demand Markets for High-Speed Rail Dallas-Arlington-Fort Worth (Business, Recreational, Entertainment)

- 1. HSR to Houston, Austin, and San Antonio (reduced/inefficient parking in downtown Dallas)
- 2. Egress/Access to Dallas Fort Worth International Airport (no second transfer)
- 3. Fast Travel within Region of 12.4 M in 2050 (currently 8.2M)
- 4. Better Connection to HUB (at-grade AMTRAK, Streetcar, Light Rail, and Regional Rail)
- 5. Better Access for Conventions
- 6. Better Access for Special Events, including Fair Park

