## Gray to Green

Integration of Green Infrastructure at the University of Texas at Arlington

Amber B. Raley, M.A. & Taner Özdil, Ph.D., ASLA

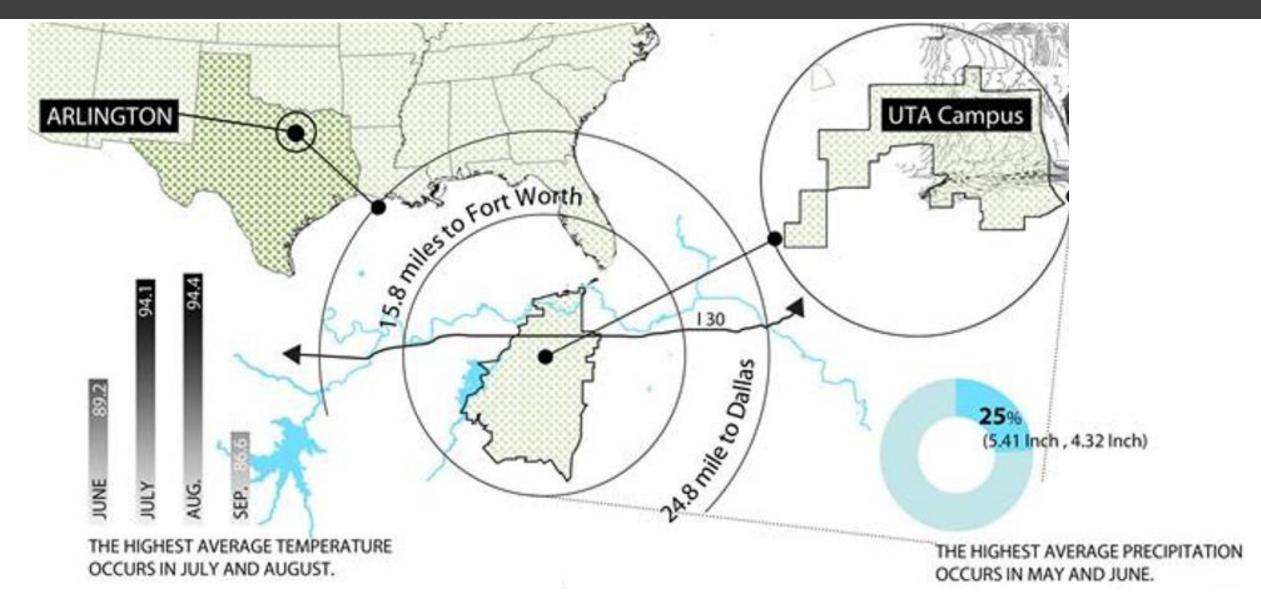
## **UTA Profile**

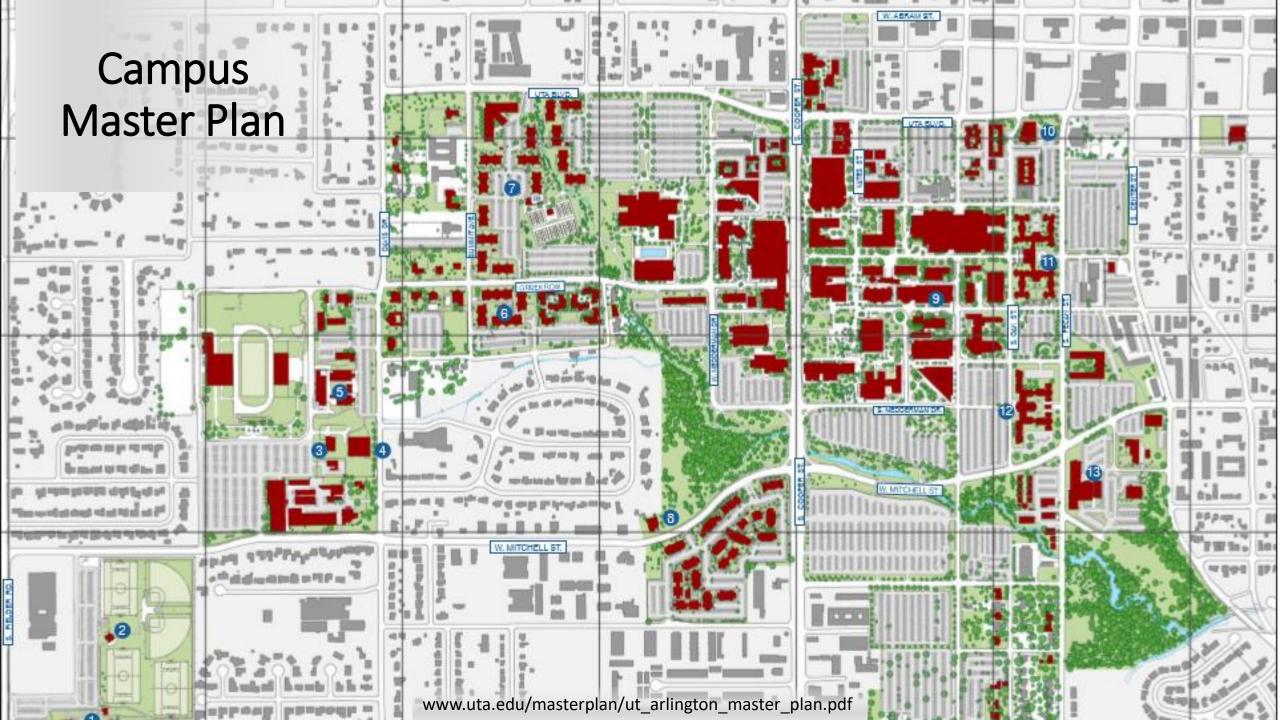
- 420 acres, 112 buildings, 33,500+ students, 5,600 employees and growing
  - Nearly 1.5 million sq ft of building space added since 2007

Campus functions much like a municipality

- 24/7 operations
- Businesses
- Housing
- Open Space
- Transportation
- Police

### UTA Campus Location (Wu, Xu, Pradhananga, & Özdil, 2016)





## Sustainability Guiding Principles

- Support sustainable building practices through integrated master planning and policies to support UTA green building initiatives
- Develop infrastructure that can be adequately maintained post construction to the benefit of UTA and the community.
- Create a pedestrian and bicycle friendly routes
- Improve air and water quality
- Educate stakeholders on the social, environmental & financial benefits of sustainability
- Use UTA projects as research opportunities for new technologies and approaches where appropriate

# Master Plan: Greening the Campus through Density, Diversity, and Efficiency

- Mixed-use development at College Park offers students an environment enabling them to remain on campus for a wide variety of additional services and amenities
- Growth serves not just students, but also the immediate community through a parking structure (not surface lots) and economic development
- Efficient use of space with 15,000 sq ft of retail, housing for 600 students, and parking structure with capacity for 1,800 vehicles leaving room for green space

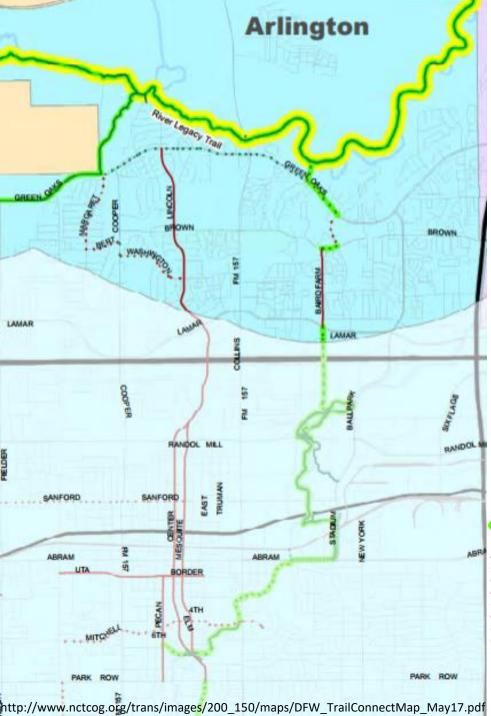


## Master Plan: Greening the Campus through Green Building Policy

Committed to pursue Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) Certifications with minimum Silver target

- LEED Gold
  - College Park Center
  - Engineering Research Building





# Master Plan: Greening the Campus through Connectivity

"Gray to Green" objective of the plan aims to transform surface parking lots to open spaces and improves pedestrian and bicycle connections throughout the campus.

Connectivity to the regional veloweb

Bike share and car share





# Master Plan: Greening the Campus through Open Spaces

Open spaces incorporate water-wise habitat designs

- Native and xeric-adapted plants
- "Low mow" lawn turf with reduced water use

Rainwater collection systems for reuse in landscape irrigation

- Engineering Research Building 28,000 gal tank
- Community Gardens



## Sustainable Sites Initiative (SITES<sup>TM</sup>)

First national rating system for sustainable landscapes

- American Society of Landscape Architects (ASLA)
- Lady Bird Johnson Wildflower Center at the University of Texas at Austin
- United States Botanic Garden
- Diverse group of stakeholder organizations

The Green at College Park one of three projects worldwide to receive certification in 2012



# The Green at College Park

- 2.6 acres
- Native grasses and adaptive plants
- Dry creek bed that helps manage rainwater and storm water runoff that drains into Johnson Creek
- Large lawn, curved stone wall providing seating with shade arbors
- Pedestrian promenade with permeable paving materials made from recycled bottles



EPA
Campus
RainWorks
Challenge

The Campus RainWorks Challenge seeks to engage with undergraduate and graduate students to foster a dialogue about responsible stormwater management and showcase the environmental, economic, and social benefits of green infrastructure practices.

## 2015 **First** Place Master Planning

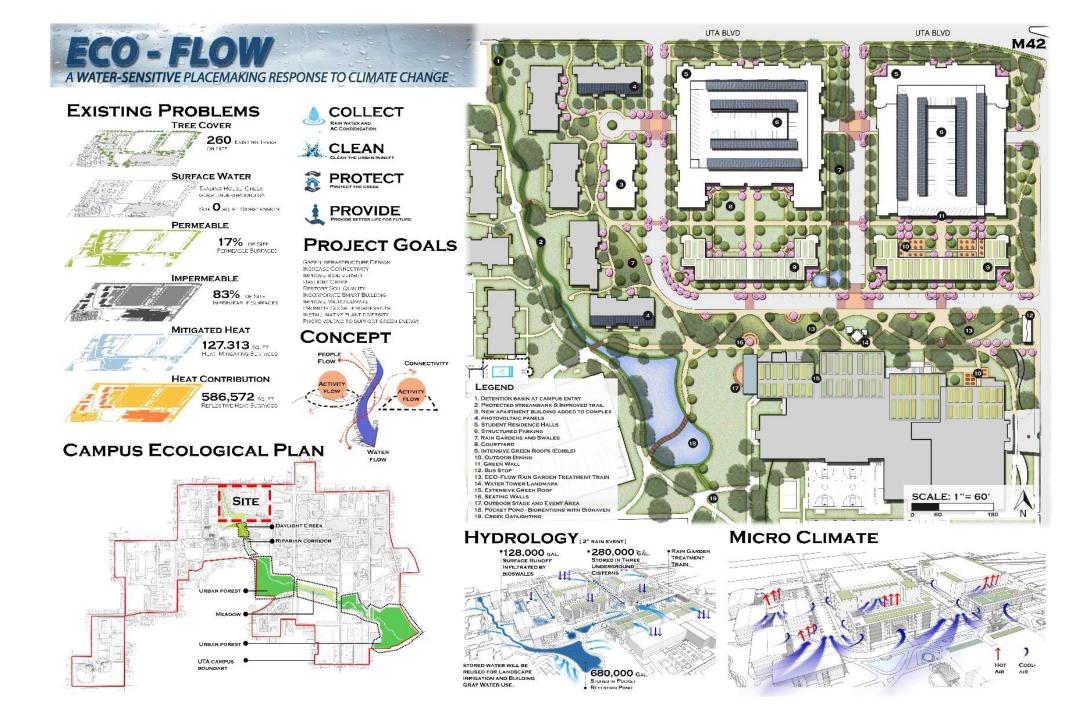
## **Eco-Flow: A Water Sensitive Placemaking Response to Climate Change**

#### **Design Team M42:**

- Baishaki Biswas, B. Architecture, Candidate for Masters in Landscape Architecture
- Sherry Fabricant, B.A. Psychology, B.B.A. Management, Candidate for Masters in Landscape Architecture
- Jacob Schwarz, B.S. Exercise & Sports Science, Candidate for Masters in Landscape Architecture
- Ahoura Zandiatashbar, B. Architecture Engineering, M. Architecture, M. Urban Design, Ph.D. Student in Urban Planning

#### **Faculty Advisor:**

 Taner R. Özdil, Ph.D., ASLA, Department of Planning & Landscape Architecture





#### OUTCOMES

25" /YR. RUNGER REDUCTION FROM EXISTING CONDITIONS

**596,642** GAL, ZYR, CAPTURED RAINWATER REDUCES POTABLE WATER USE FOR IRRIGATION

623,000 GALZYR GROUNDWATER

100% AREA OF PROTECTED STREAM BANK

3 ACRES OF RESTORED SOILS ON SITE

93% of 200 canopy trees protected

2% increase in native tree canyon cover

80% OF DINING HALL ROOF AND 50% OF ACTIVITY CENTER ROOF SHADED BY VEGETATION

300 SQLZFT, GREEN WALL ADDED

3 ACRES DECREASE IN HARDSCAPE.

1.162 MIL, KWI LYR, GREEN ENERGY GENERATED ON STRUCTURED PARKING

5,000 TONS OF CORGREENHOUSE GAZES MITIGATED VIA PLICTO-VOLTAIC SYSTEMS.

RESILIENCY

REDUCE INDOOR ENERGY DEMAND
 NEGATE ACID RAIN EFFECT.

REDUCE STORM WATER VOLUME
 REDUCES CO2 MPACTS

MANAGES STORM WATER RUN-OFF
 WATER CONSERVATION

REDUCTION IN WATER COSTS
 INCREASES INFILTRATION
 REDUCES PEAK FLOW

IMPROVES WATER QUALITY

· MITIGATE DOWNSTREAM FLOODING

. DECREASE STINLAM BANK EROSION

REDUCE STORM WATER RUNOFF.

· IMPROVES BIODIVERSITY

. DECREASES THE ENERGY OF MOVING STORM WATER

#### **PERFORMANCE**

#### TREE COVER

93% of CAST NO TREES

ETAINED + 250 N.W TREES

= 510 TREES ON STE

#### SURFACE WATER

DAYLOUT TRADING HOUSE CREEK

#### PERMEABLE

NICKLASED PERMIAGEE S... INFACES
51%, NOW COVE-SS
36% (0-S) II.

#### IMPERMEABLE

DECINEARIED PRODUCE ALL.

Sainteadore From 83%

To 64% of Sate

#### MITIGATED HEAT

INCREASED HEAT
MITIGATING SURFACES

258.426 so, FT

#### HEAT CONTRIBUTION

DECREASED REF. ECTIVE HEAT SURFACER **22%** TO **456.886** SQ. FT

### TION

#### VALUE TO CAMPUS



#### RAIN GARDEN TREATMENT TRAIN SECTION



### GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

CISTERINS TO COLLECT RAIN WATER AND CORDENCATION FROM HVAC PERMEABLE TWALLEL TAKENING STACES SIDLAWLES, AND THALES BUILDING ORIENTATION, COURT ARE CENTRALES OF THE ARCOSES, AND GREEN WALLS MITCATE SIMMER HART SMART PARISHS GRAZAGE WITH PHOTO VOLTAIC PANELS ON TOP WITH WHITE ROOP TROOUGL GREEN ENERGY MATTER PRINTS & TREES IMPROVE EXCLUSIONAL CINCLE THE ROY FIRST TO THE STANDARD STA

## Hydroscape Video 2012 Honorable Mention

### Resources

- Environmental Protection Agency (2017). Campus RainWorks Challenge retrieved from <a href="https://www.epa.gov/green-infrastructure/campus-rainworks-challenge-0">https://www.epa.gov/green-infrastructure/campus-rainworks-challenge-0</a>
- National Wildlife Federation (2011). Campus Ecology retrieved from <a href="https://www.nwf.org/~/media/Campus-Ecology/Files/Case-Studies/2011-Case-Studies/N-Z/University%20of%20TX%20Arlington%202011%20Case%20Study%20FINAL.ashx">https://www.nwf.org/~/media/Campus-Ecology/Files/Case-Studies/N-Studies/N-Z/University%20of%20TX%20Arlington%202011%20Case%20Study%20FINAL.ashx</a>
- Univerity of Texas at Arlington (2005). Campus Master Plan Update and Design Guidelines retrieved from http://www.uta.edu/masterplan/ut arlington master plan.pdf

### Student Work

- Biswas, B., Fabricat, S. Schwarz, Zandiatashbar, A. & Özdil, T. R. (2015). Eco-Flow: A Water Sensitive Placemaking Response to Climate Change. First Place Winner Master Planning EPA Campus RainWorks Challenge.
- Plummer, M., Paziresh, R., Watkins, J., Podeszwa, A. & Özdil, T. R. (2016) *Conveyance: Communicating Ecology through Design.* Master Planning submission EPA Campus RainWorks Challenge.
- Sampler, B., Elliot, K. & Özdil, T. R. (2012). *Hydroscape*. Video submission EPA Campus RainWorks Challenge.
- Wu, C., Xu, C., Pradhananga, A. & Özdil, T. R. (2012). *UTA Campus Vision*. Master Planning submission EPA Campus RainWorks Challenge.